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Effect of Aerodynamic and Lightweight Double-Deck Trailers on HGV Fuel Consumption

A.K. Madhusudhanan, X. Na, M. Sutcliffe and D. Cebon

Innovate UK

TESCO



 **LAWRENCE
DAVID** 

Introduction

- In-service evaluation
- Coast-down tests
- Model-based evaluation
- Conclusions





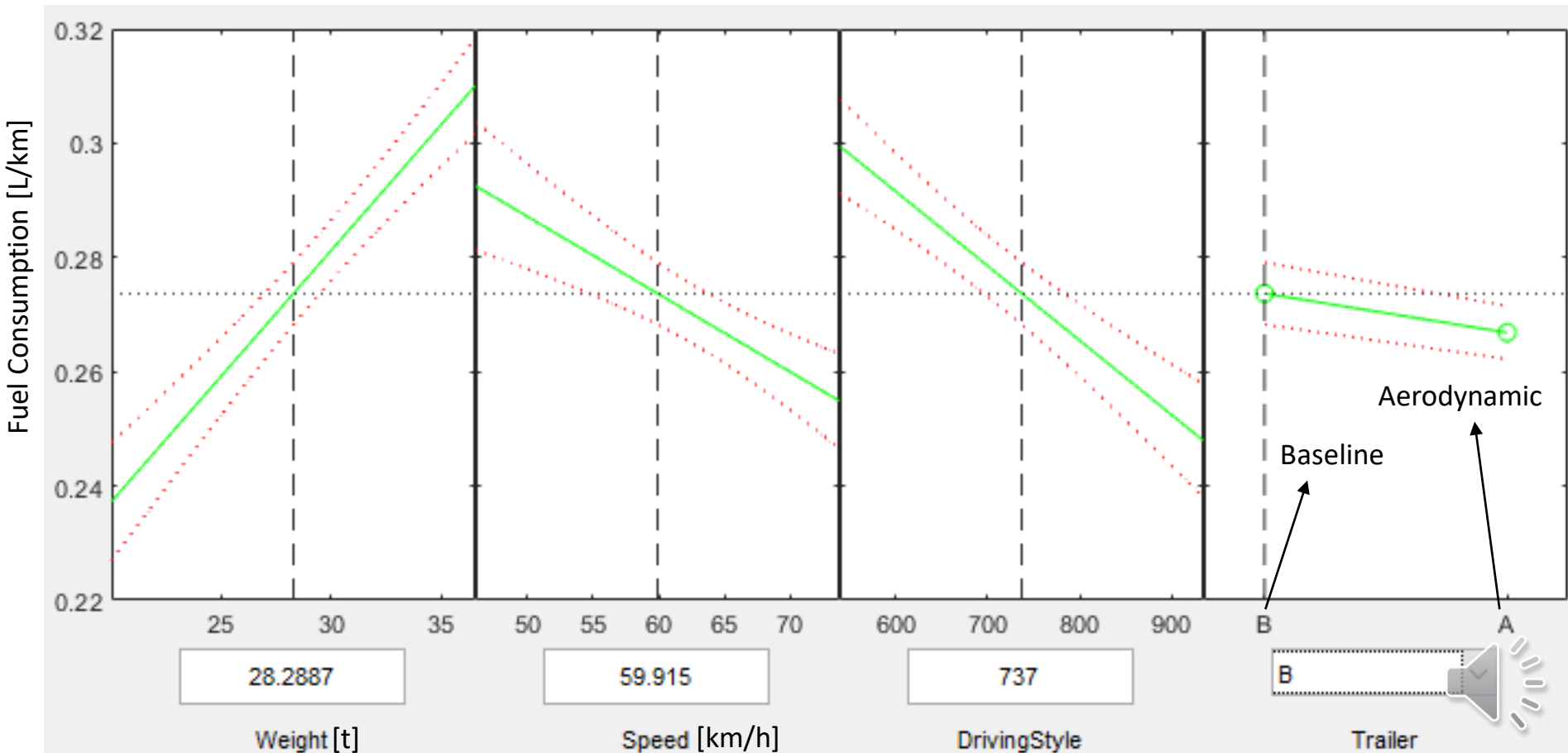
In-Service Data

- Two aerodynamic HGVs and a baseline HGV
- Daily telematics data
- 5 months



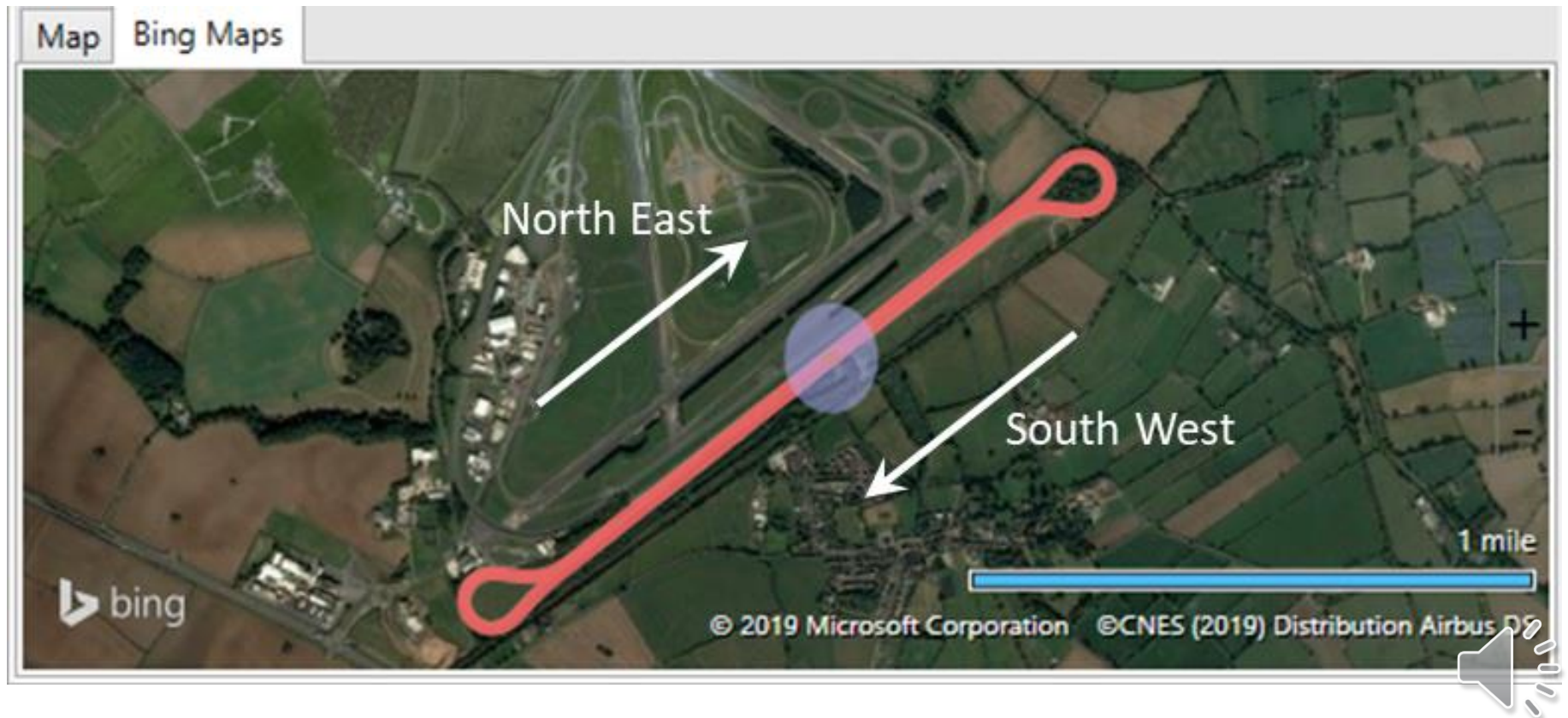
In-Service Data

- Regression model: $f = \beta_0 + \beta_1 m + \beta_2 v + \beta_3 s + \beta_4 T$
- Trailer type* has statistically significant effect on *fuel consumption*
- ~2.5% lower *fuel consumption* and emissions for the aerodynamic HGV



Coast-Down Tests

- 6 tests at Mira-Horiba Ltd, UK



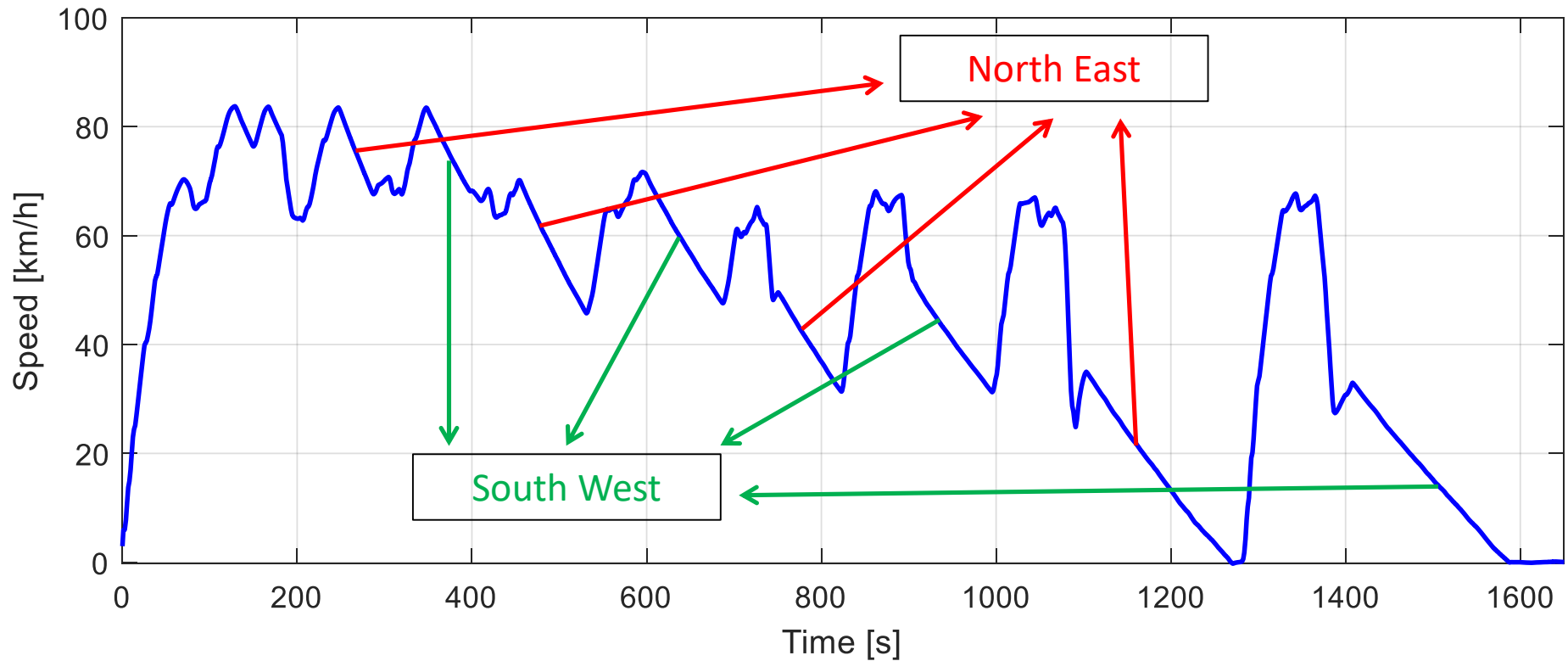
Coast-Down Tests

| | Right side weight | Left side weight |
|---|-------------------|------------------|
| Axle 1 (tractor) <i>Including driver</i> | 3246 kg | 3424 kg |
| Axle 2 (tractor) | 3172 kg | 3574 kg |
| Axle 3 (trailer) | 5144 kg | 4762 kg |
| Axle 4 (trailer) | 4860 kg | 5140 kg |
| Axle 5 (trailer) | 4826 kg | 5012 kg |
| Passenger 1 | 90 kg | |
| Passenger 2 | 70 kg | |
| Gross Vehicle Weight | 43320 kg | |



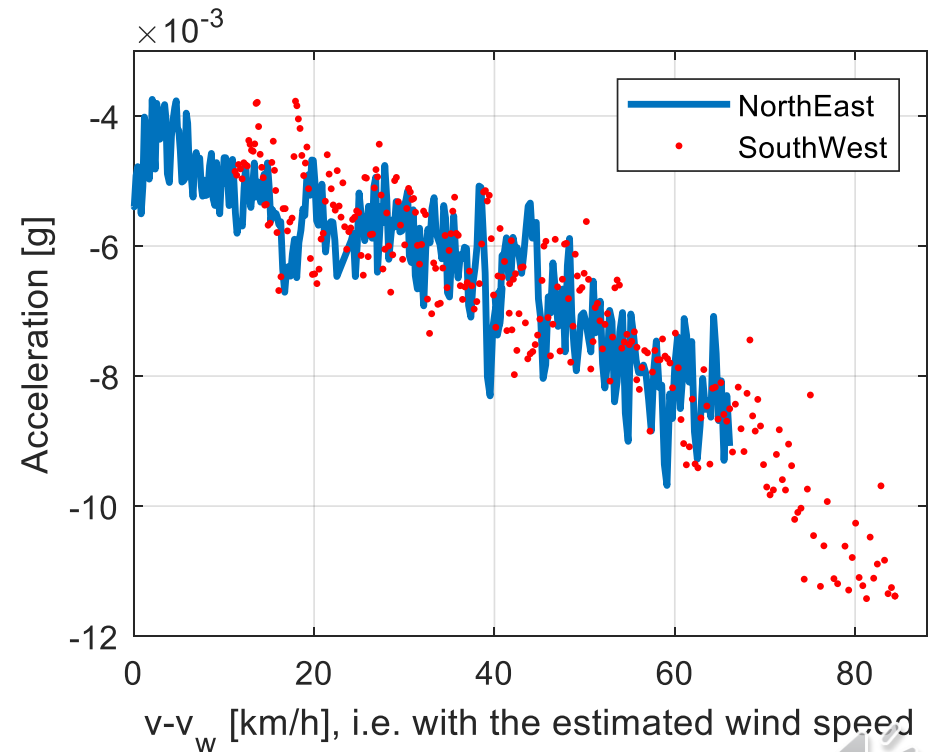
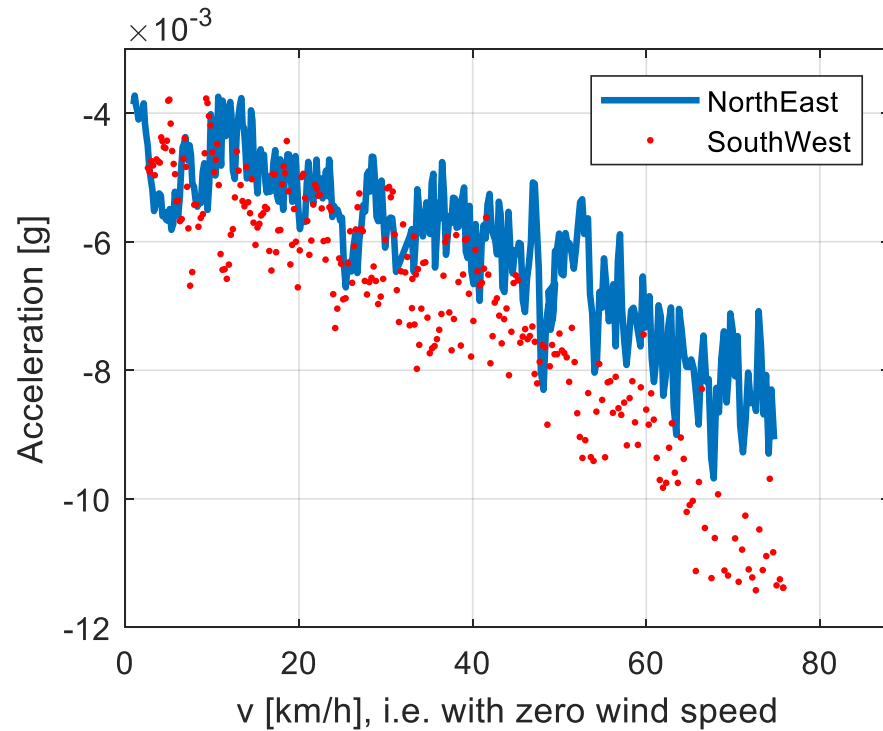
Coast-Down Tests

One of the tests



Coast-Down Tests

- Step 1: Wind speed estimation





Coast-Down Tests

- Step 2: Estimation of the coefficients

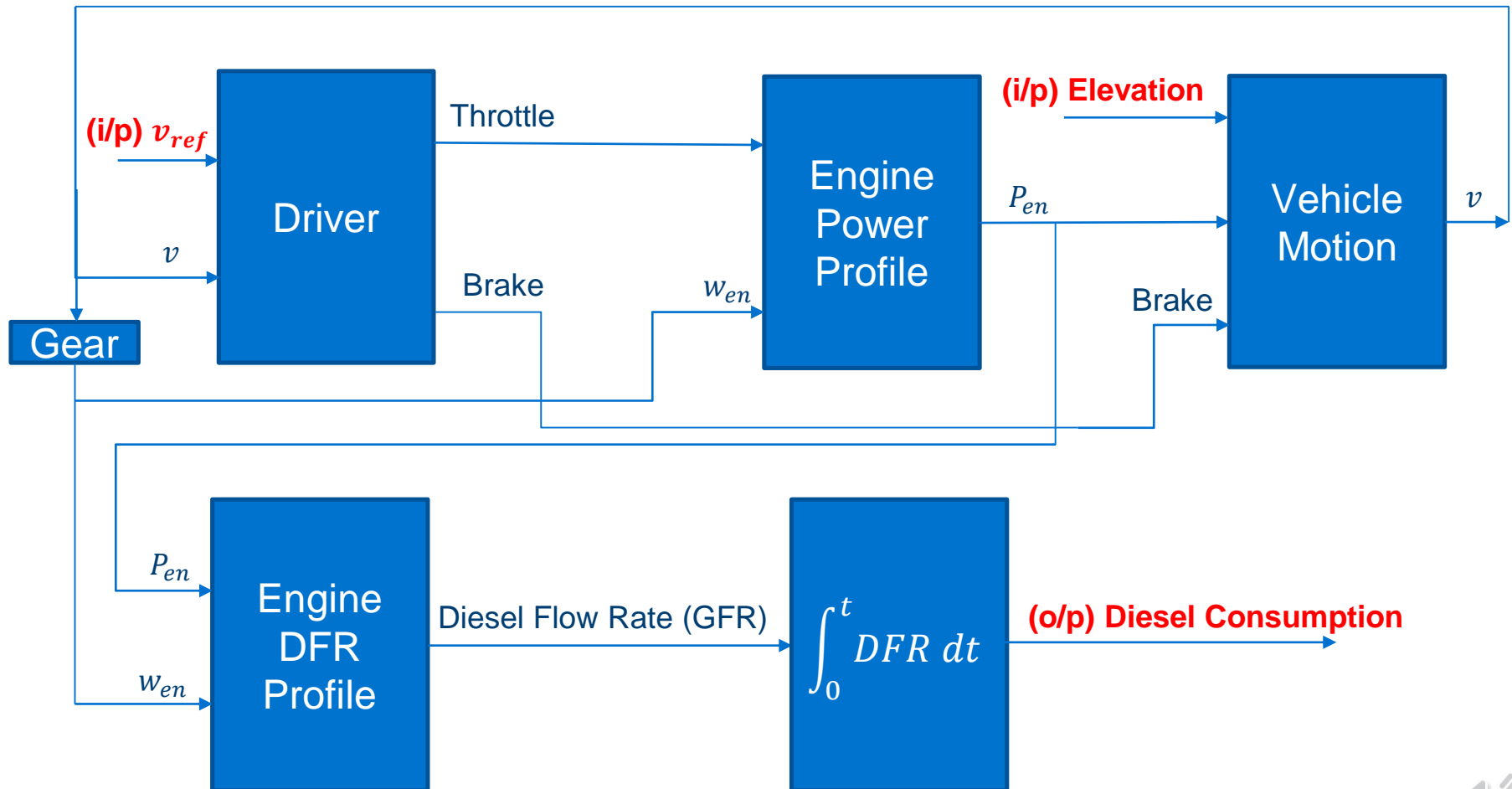
| Test | $C_d A$ [m^2] Baseline | $C_d A$ [m^2] Aerodynamic Lightweight | C_r Baseline | C_r Aerodynamic Lightweight |
|------------------|-------------------------------|---|----------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Test 1 Southwest | 8.41 | 7.79 | 0.0052 | 0.0047 |
| Test 1 Northeast | 8.51 | 7.88 | 0.0051 | 0.0045 |
| Test 2 Southwest | 8.54 | 7.95 | 0.0049 | 0.0045 |
| Test 2 Northeast | 8.43 | 7.77 | 0.0048 | 0.0044 |
| Test 3 Southwest | 8.38 | 7.81 | 0.0051 | 0.0046 |
| Test 3 Northeast | 8.41 | 7.85 | 0.0046 | 0.0041 |
| Mean \pm SD | 8.45 ± 0.06 | 7.84 ± 0.07 | 0.0050 ± 0.00023 | 0.0045 ± 0.00021 |

7.2% lower than the baseline

10% lower than the baseline



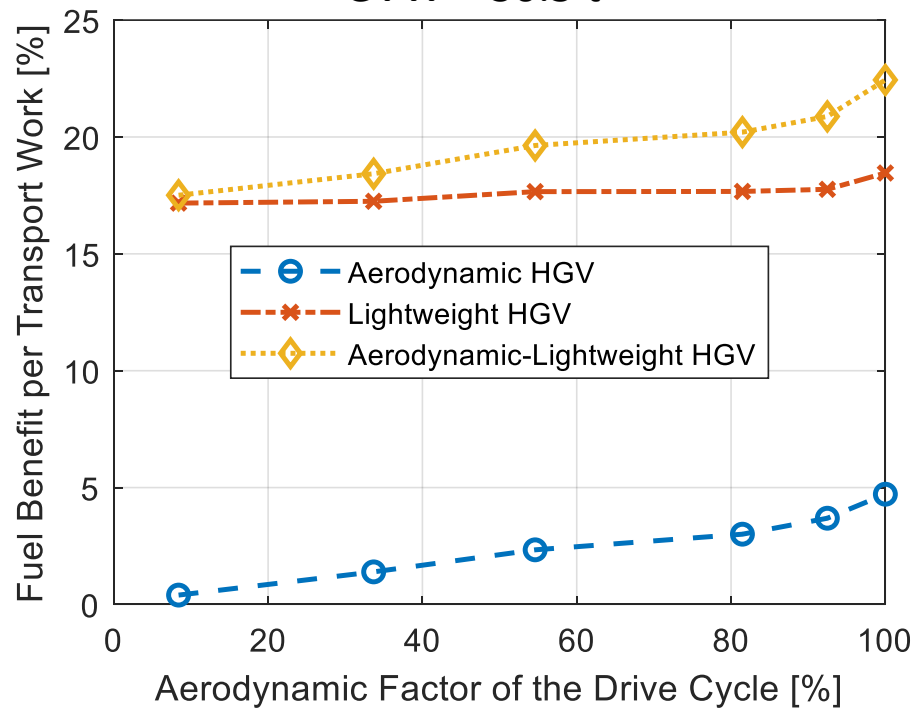
Simulation Model



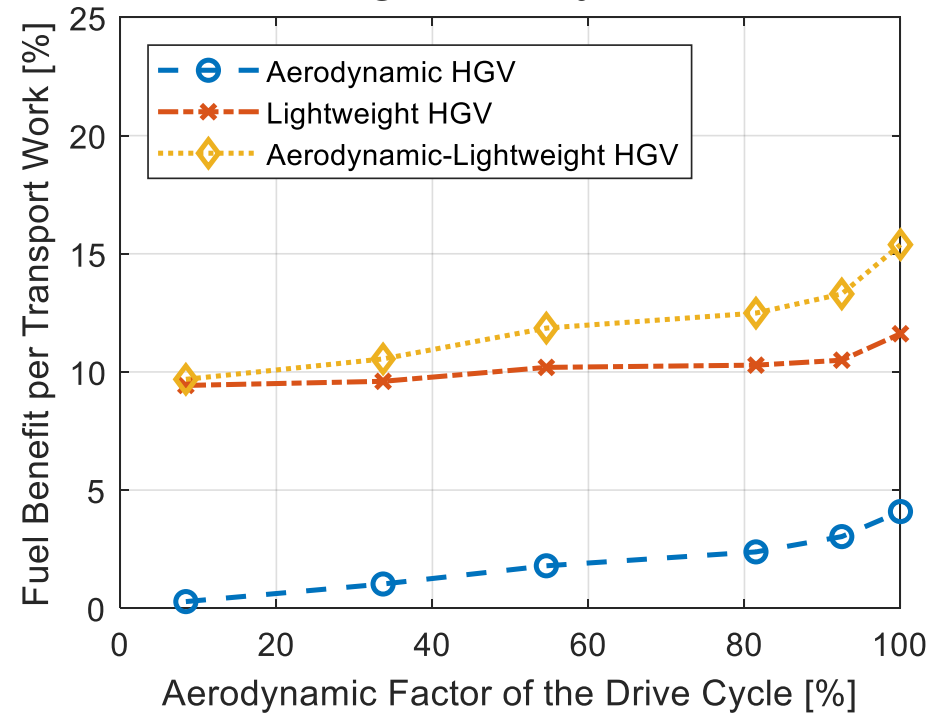


Evaluation using Simulation Models

GVW = 30.5 t

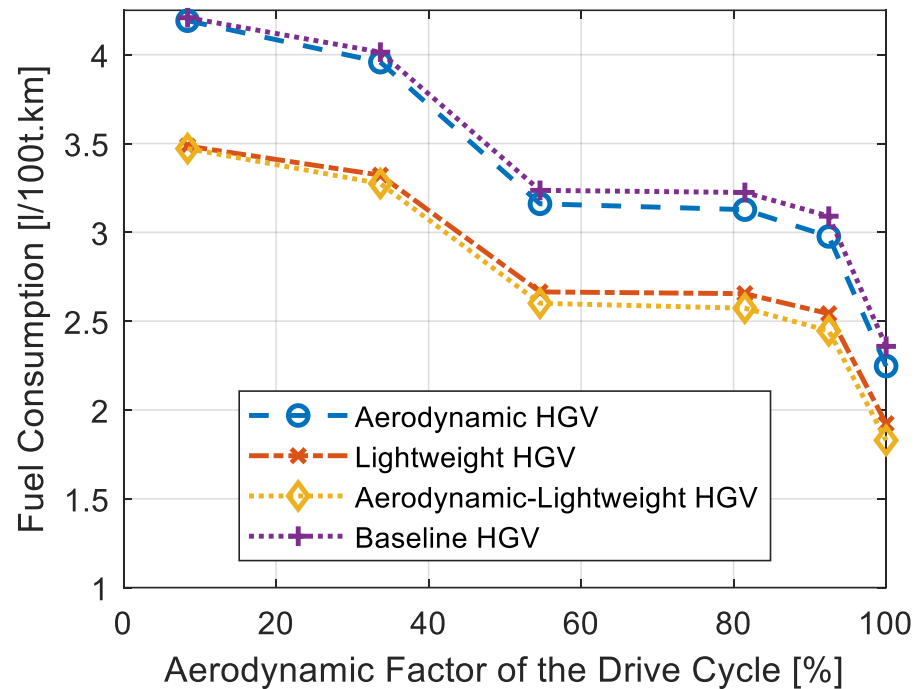


GVW = 44 t

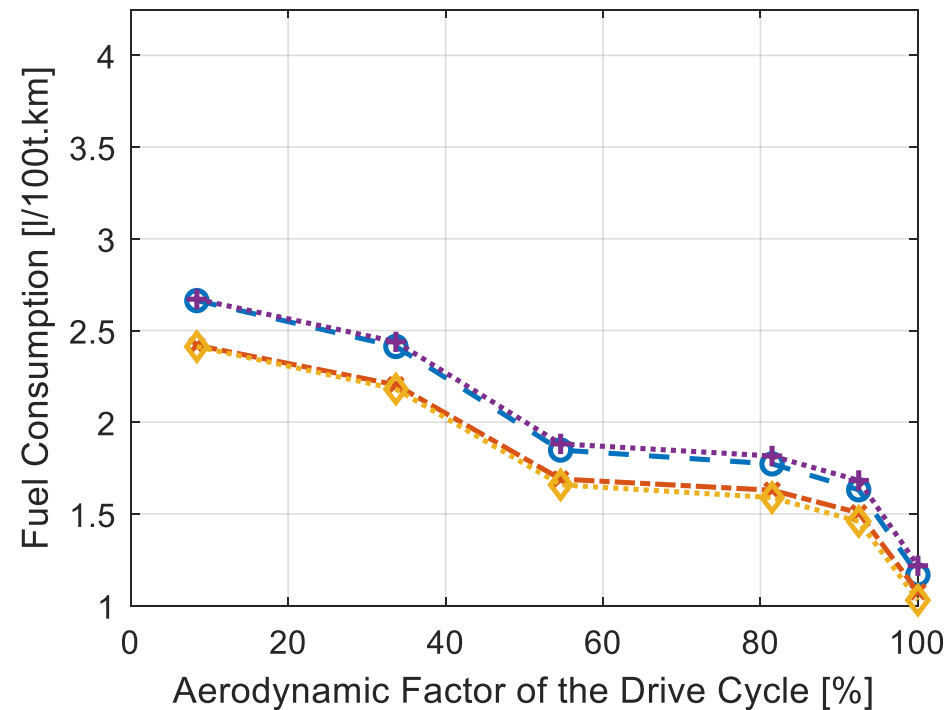


Evaluation using Simulation Models

GVW = 30.5 t



GVW = 44 t





Conclusions

- ✓ Evaluated two aerodynamic trailers using in-service data:
 - Statistically significant effect on fuel consumption
 - 2.5% Fuel benefit
- ✓ Performed cost-down tests
- ✓ Estimated Aerodynamic Drag and Rolling Resistance Coefficients
- ✓ Evaluated different trailer configurations using simulation models:
 - Aerodynamic HGV's fuel benefit:
 - Motorway Cruising (84 km/h): 4.7%
 - LowCVP Long Haul: 3.0%
 - Lightweight HGV's fuel benefit:
 - Motorway Cruising (84 km/h): 18.5%
 - LowCVP Long Haul: 17.7%
 - Aerodynamic-Lightweight HGV's fuel benefit:
 - Motorway Cruising (84 km/h): 22.4%
 - LowCVP Long Haul: 20.2%

